



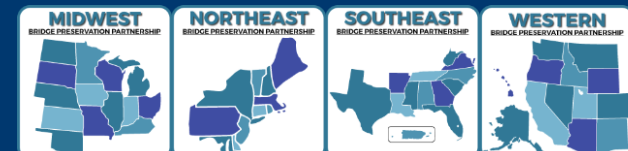
Design Build Rehabilitation of the Sherman Minton Arch Bridge

Presented by:

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www.in.gov/indot
www.mbakerial.com



Agenda

- Design-Build Best Value
- NEPA and Public Involvement
- Risks & Mitigation Strategies
- Innovative Materials & Construction Techniques
- Alternative Technical Concepts & Design Solutions



Design-Build Best Value

Project Overview



Opened in
1962
for usage



Traffic is carried by
6 LANES
across the bridge

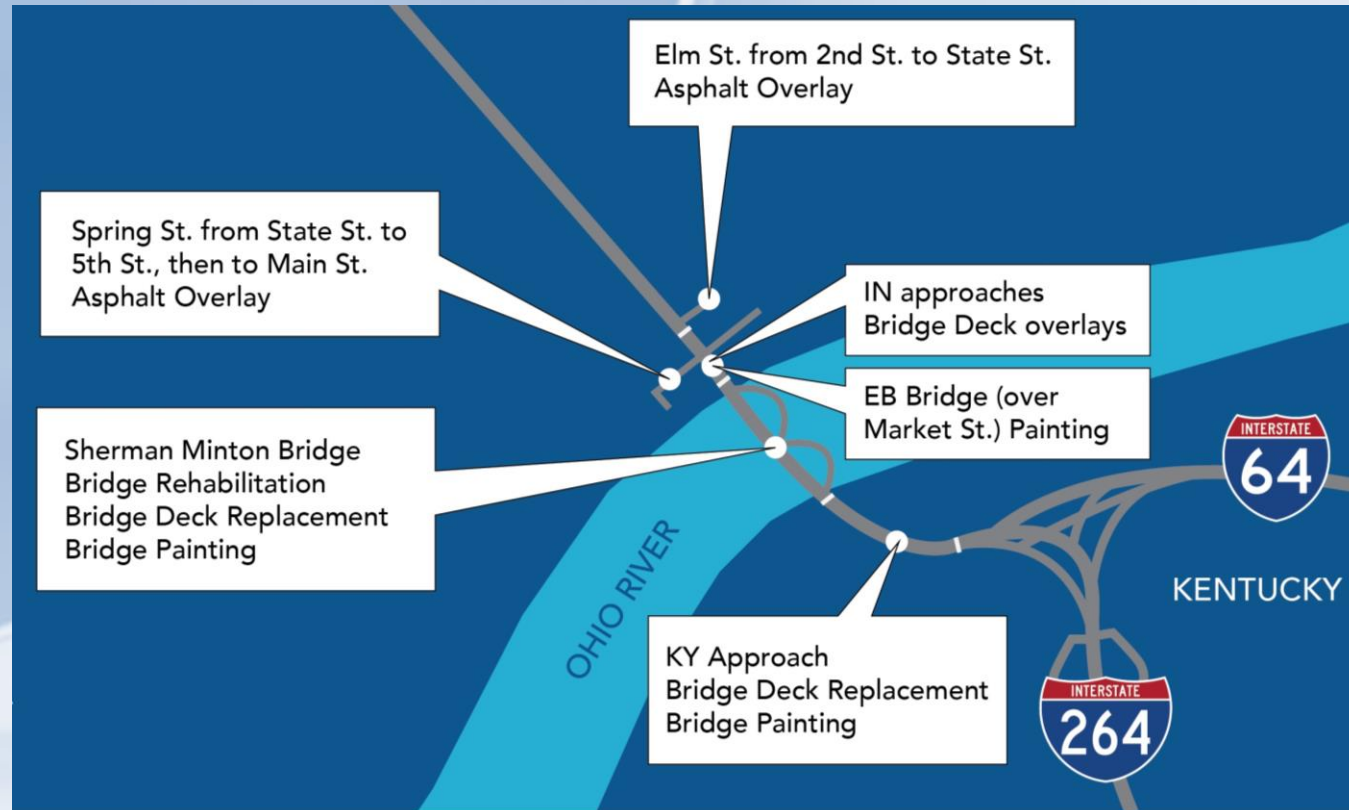


Each span is
800 FEET
long



Used by
70,000
drivers a day

Project Goals



- 30-year service life extension
- Reduce Impact to community and travelling public
- Provide best value to public
 - Budget
 - Timeline
 - Impacts

Rehabilitation Work

- Replacement of Bridge Decks
- Hanger Replacement
- Structural Steel Repairs
- Bridge Deck Overlays
- Traffic Lighting
- Drainage Repairs
- Bridge Painting
- No addition of lanes or reconfiguration of interchanges.
 - I-265 in Indiana to I-264 in Kentucky (3 Lanes Each Direction)
 - Stay within existing ROW



Why Design Build Best Value

- **Public Need/Benefits** - project addresses the needs of the STIP by preservation of existing assets
- **Economic Development** - project critical to maintaining competitive industries and businesses in the region
- **Stakeholder Support** - environmental process allowed for developing stakeholder support
- **Legislative Considerations/Financial Feasibility** - bi-state project with shared and uniquely owned assets – DBBV process allows for both Owners to be considered
- **Project Term** - project seeks solutions to gain 30 years of life for the exiting crossing

Why Design Build Best Value

- Technical Feasibility
 - Project required complex technical design solutions
 - DBBV allowed an opportunity for innovative means & methods for associated work
 - Subsequent projects demanded a firm requirement for project completion
- Project Risks
 - Project had a need for innovative traffic management approaches
 - Owners and the community had a desire to minimize the time of closures
 - As a community resource, project had need for integrated public/media relations support
- INDOT Alternative Delivery Manual
 - <https://www.in.gov/indot/projects/home/indot-alternative-delivery/>

CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE | 2021-2024



MID 2021 – LATE 2022

LATE 2022 – EARLY 2023

EARLY 2023 – LATE 2023

LATE 2023 – MID 2024

MID 2024



ENVIRONMENTAL STUDY/ PROCUREMENT **CONSTRUCTION**

- FHWA approves MOT approach (Fall 2020)
- Kokosing Construction Company, Inc. selected as Design-Build Best Value Contractor (December 2020)
- Contract negotiation and award (March 2021)

PHASE 1
Design, materials procurement and first half of EB construction on lower deck

PHASE 2
Second half of EB construction on lower deck

PHASE 3
First half of WB construction on upper deck

PHASE 4
Second half of WB construction on upper deck

PHASE 5
Final traffic configurations

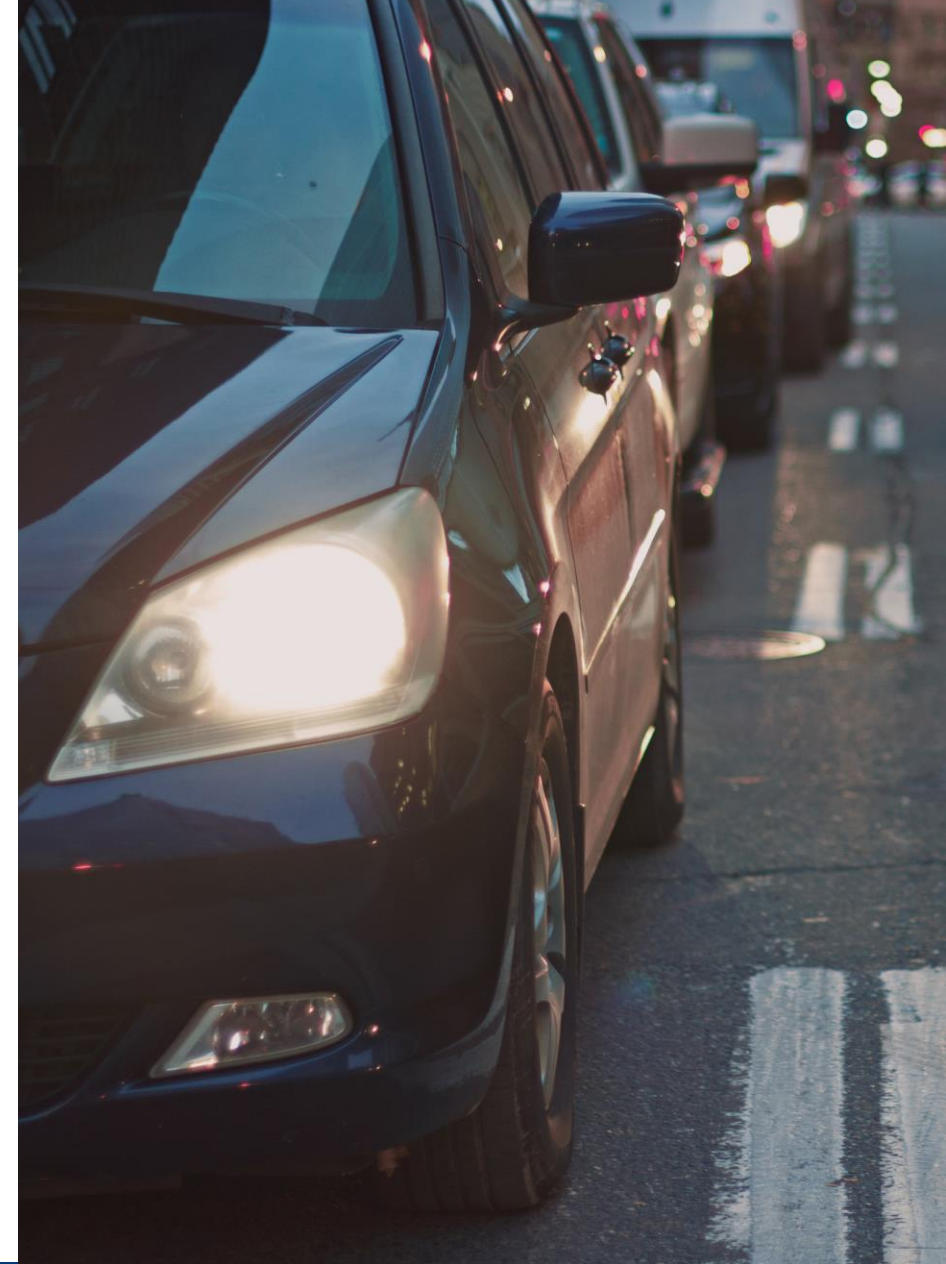
* Construction dates are subject to change due to weather delays and other factors.

NEPA & Public Involvement



Better the second time

- How will this be different from 2011-12 Closure?
 - More Cross River Capacity
 - Time to Plan
 - Notice of Closures
 - Tolls (*on other bridges*)




Environmental Process

- NEPA Environmental study
 - Social
 - Economic
 - Environmental Impacts
- Identify Best Approach

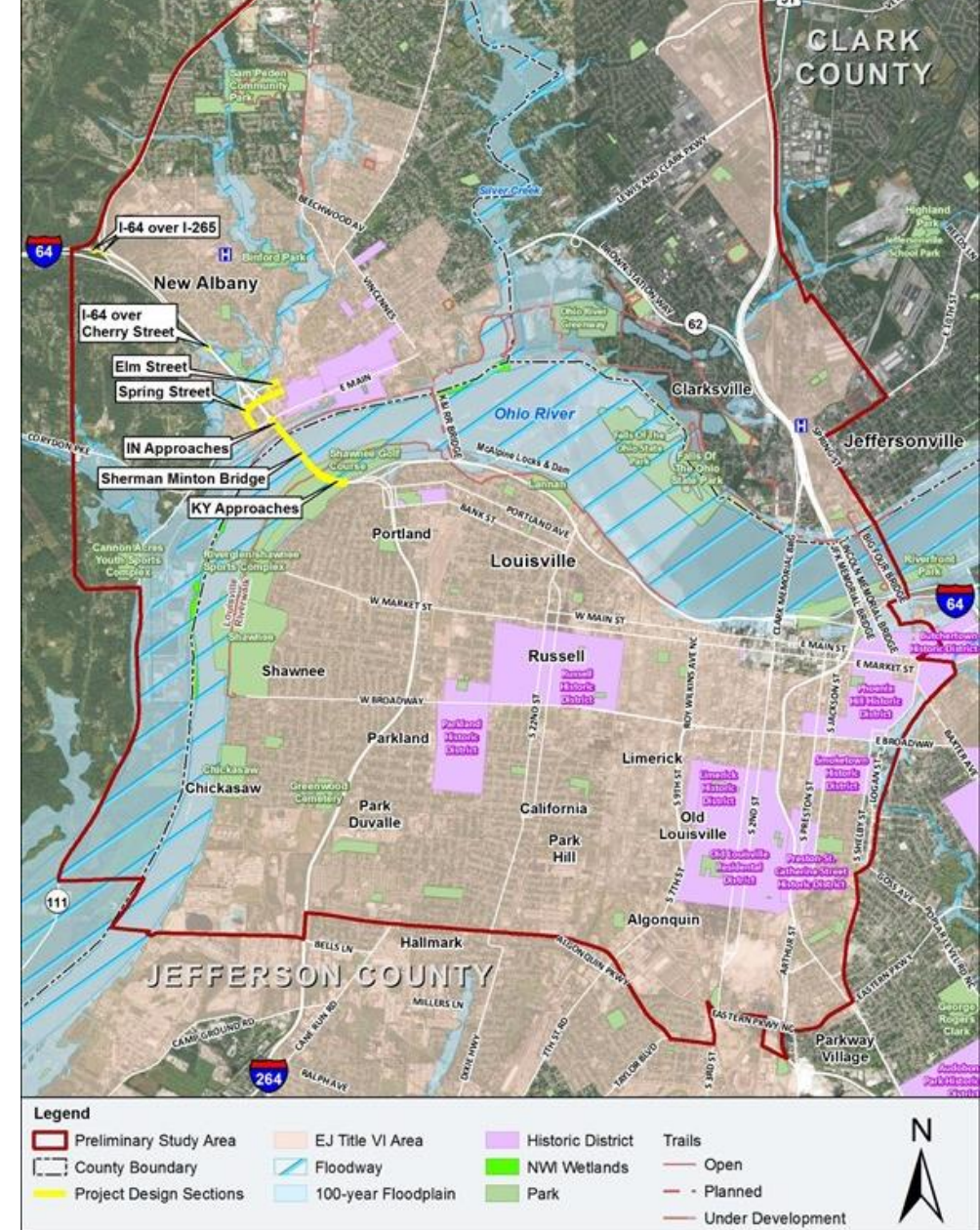
 EJ Title VI Area

 100-year Floodplain

 Wetlands

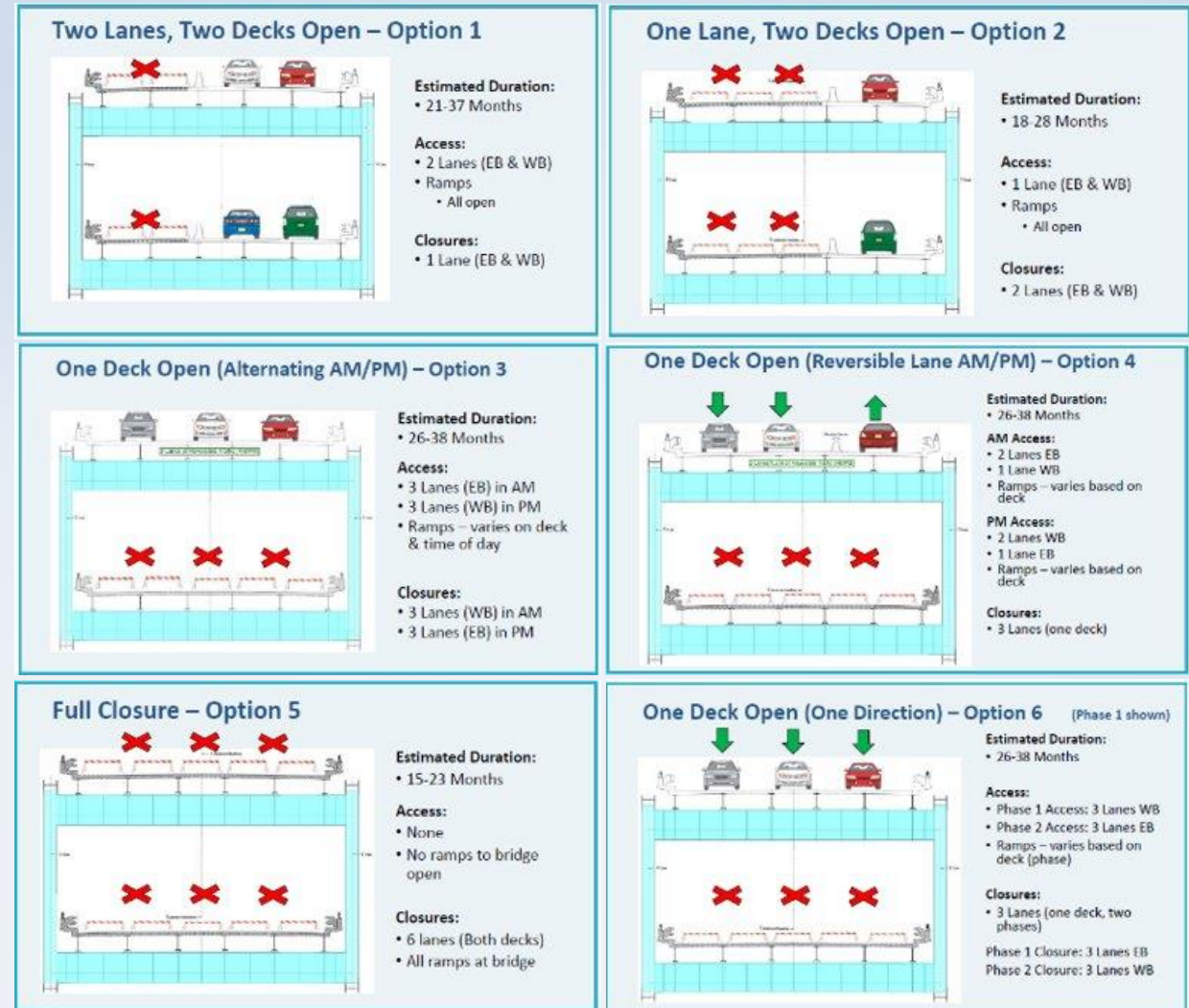
 100-year Floodplain

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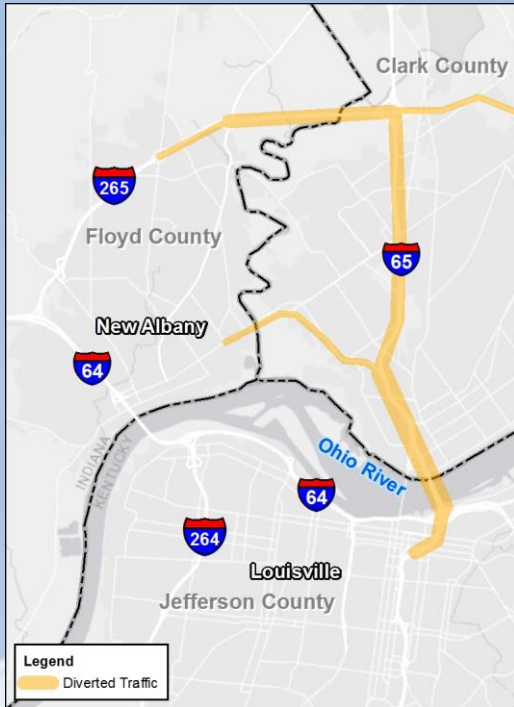


Traffic Analysis & MOT

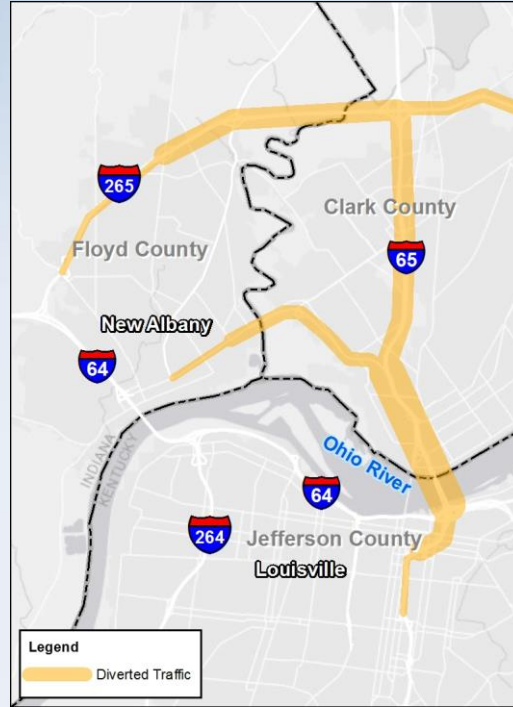
- TWO DECKS OPEN
 - MOT 1: Two lanes, two decks open
 - MOT 2: One lane, two decks open
- FULL CLOSURE
 - MOT 5: Full Closure
- ONE DECK OPEN
 - MOT 3: Alternating directions AM/PM
 - MOT 4: Reversible lanes AM/PM
 - MOT 6: One direction, two phases



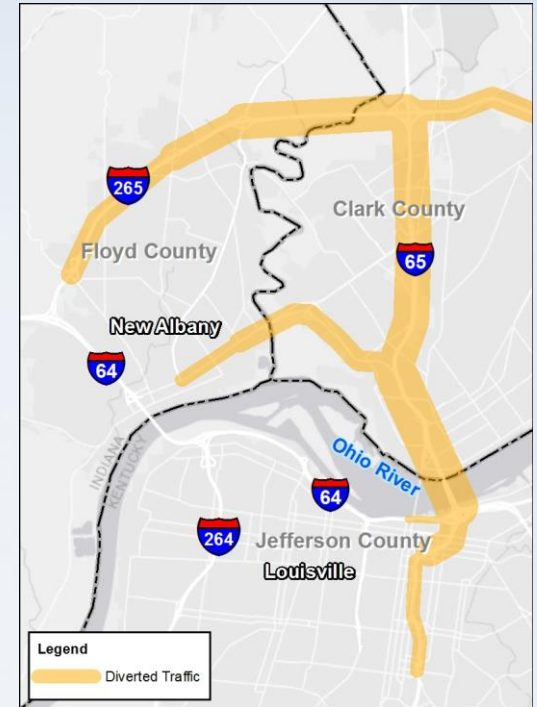
Traffic Analysis



2 Lanes Open
7,400 vehicles (8%)



1 Lane Open
33,400 vehicles (37%)



Full Closure
90,000 vehicles (100%)

Environmental Commitments

- Protection of the Environment
- Public Awareness
 - Notices to public/first responders
 - Coordination for impacts to 4(f) or 6(f) properties
- Minimization of Impacts
 - Holidays and Special Events

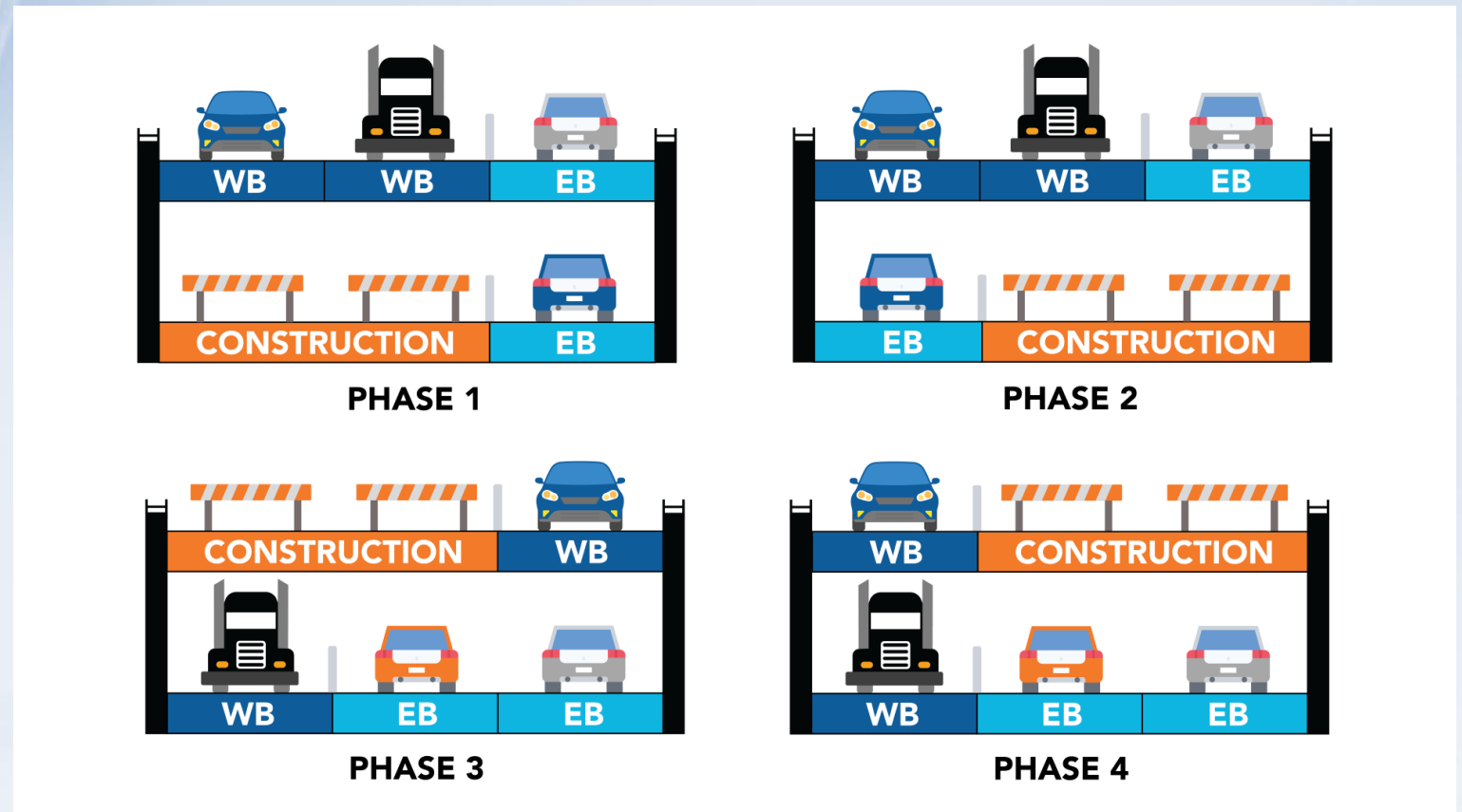


Risk & Mitigation Strategies



Mitigating Traffic Impacts

- TYPICAL MOT
 - Maintain 2 lanes each direction



Allowable Closures

- **OFF PEAK CLOSURES** (Each Direction)
 - Up to 360 nightly closures
 - 60 additional nightly closures (post Substantial Completion for approved work)



Allowable Closures

- **PEAK** (Each Direction)
 - One (1) nine (9) consecutive day Full Directional Closure per calendar year period
 - Up to three (3) weekend periods per calendar year
 - One (1) lane for one (1) fifteen (15) consecutive day closure for As-Built Bridge Reference Document Verification inspection



BI-State Project

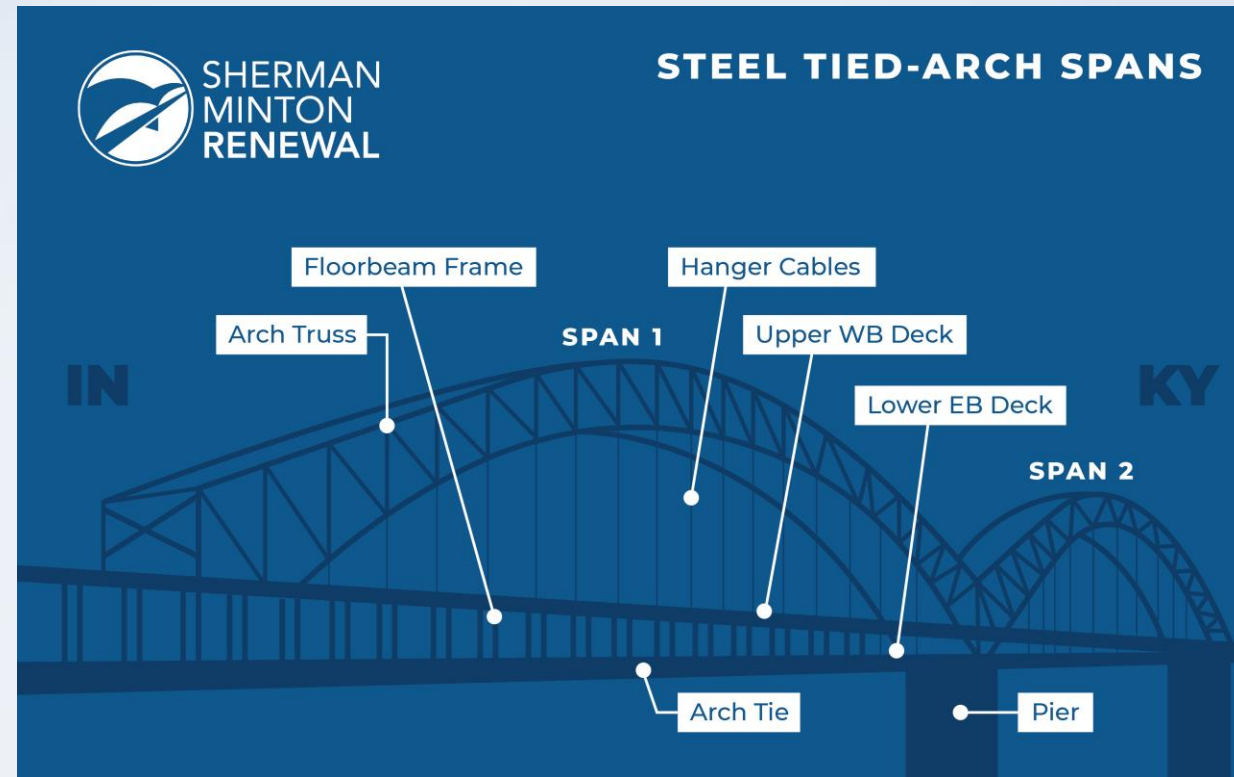


NATIONAL BRIDGE PRESERVATION CONFERENCE 2024
Innovation for Infrastructure Resiliency

Structural Steel Repairs Risk

Challenge: Obtaining 30-year service life

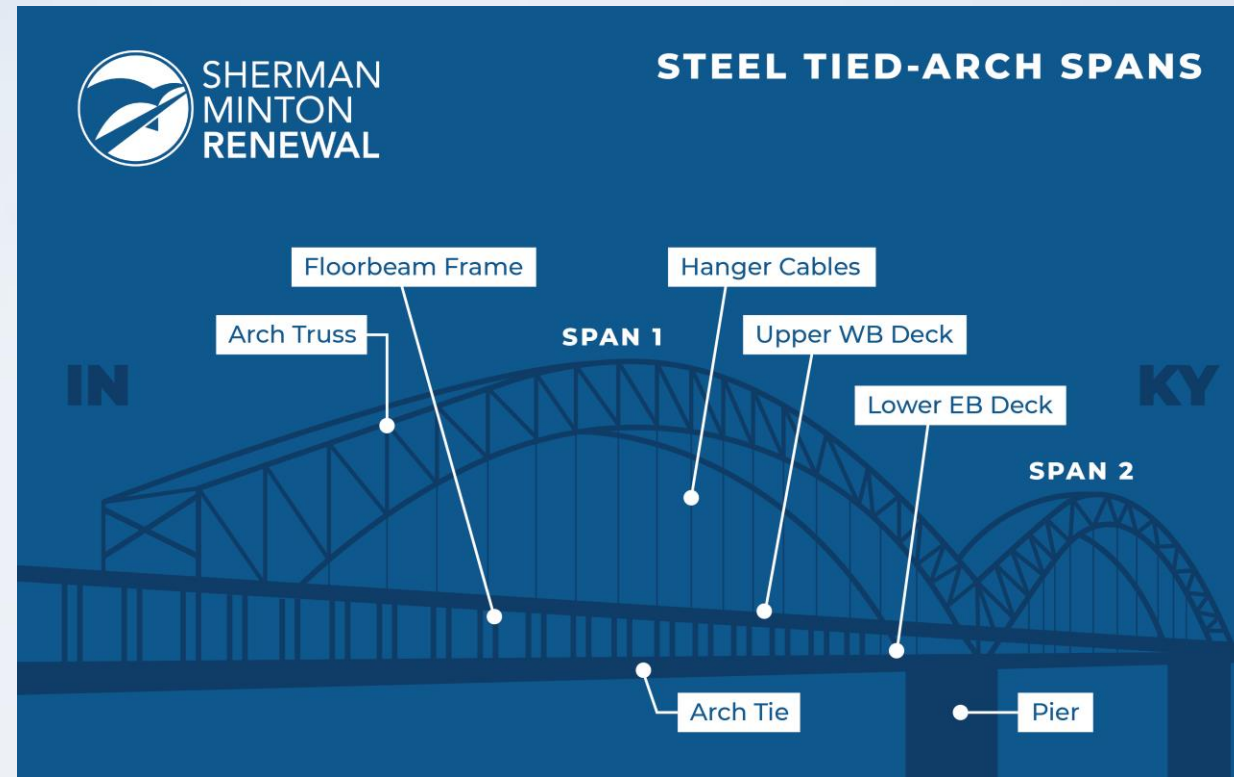
- Prescriptive Repairs
 - Cable Hanger Replacement
 - Clean and Paint all Steel
 - Remediate Pack Rust



Structural Steel Repairs Risk

Challenge: Obtaining 30-year service life

- Performance Based Approach for Strengthening
 - Capacity/Load Rating acceptance criteria
 - Known Deficiencies
 - 2019 Inspection
 - DBC field view/Inspection
- Unknown Deficiencies
 - Allowances
 - Stringer end repairs
 - Floorbeam Strengthening
 - Fatigue Crack Arrest
 - Bolt Replacement

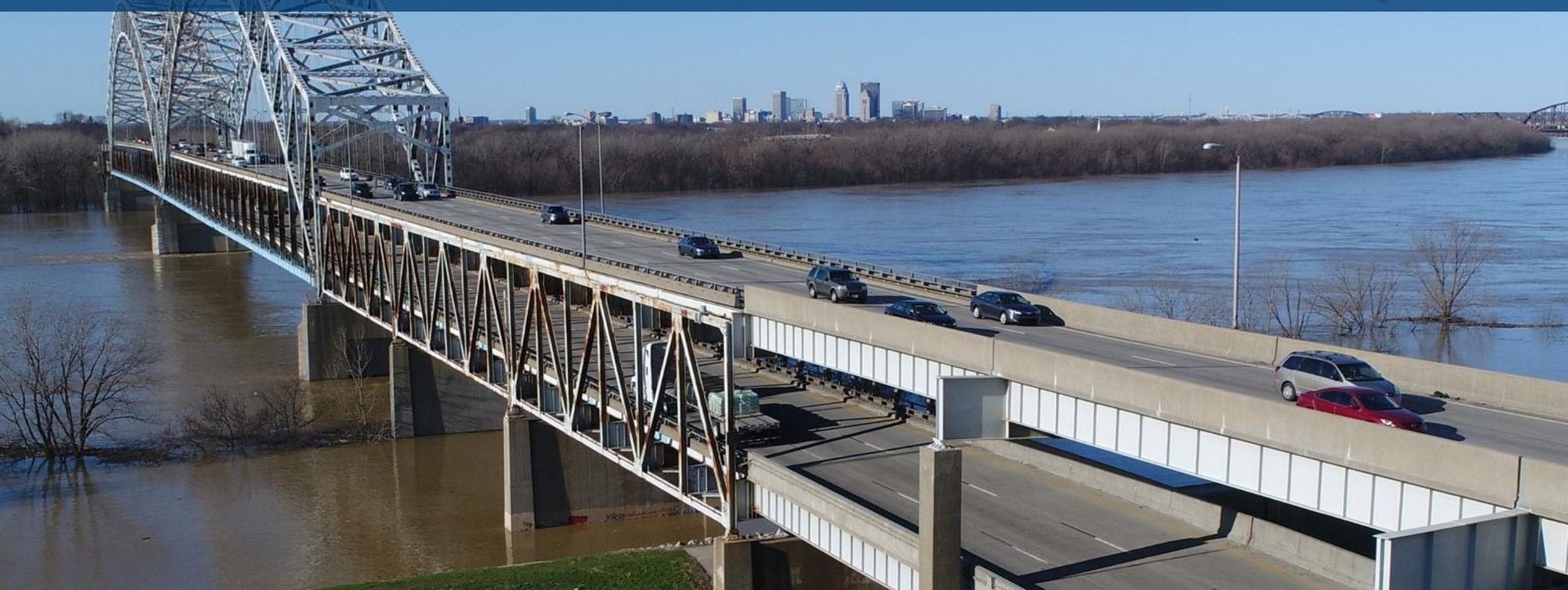


Kentucky Approach Piers

- **Long term durability concerns**
 - Remove all concrete cover on Pier Caps
 - Repair Spalled/Delaminated Pier Columns
 - Cathodic Protection through Galvanic Anodes
- **Allowance for patching concrete structures** (Not previously identified)



Innovative Materials & Construction Techniques





Bridge Deck Replacement

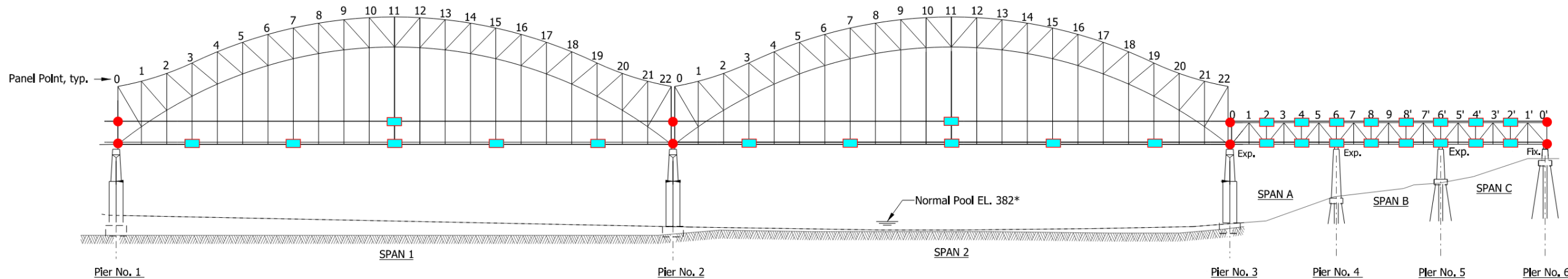
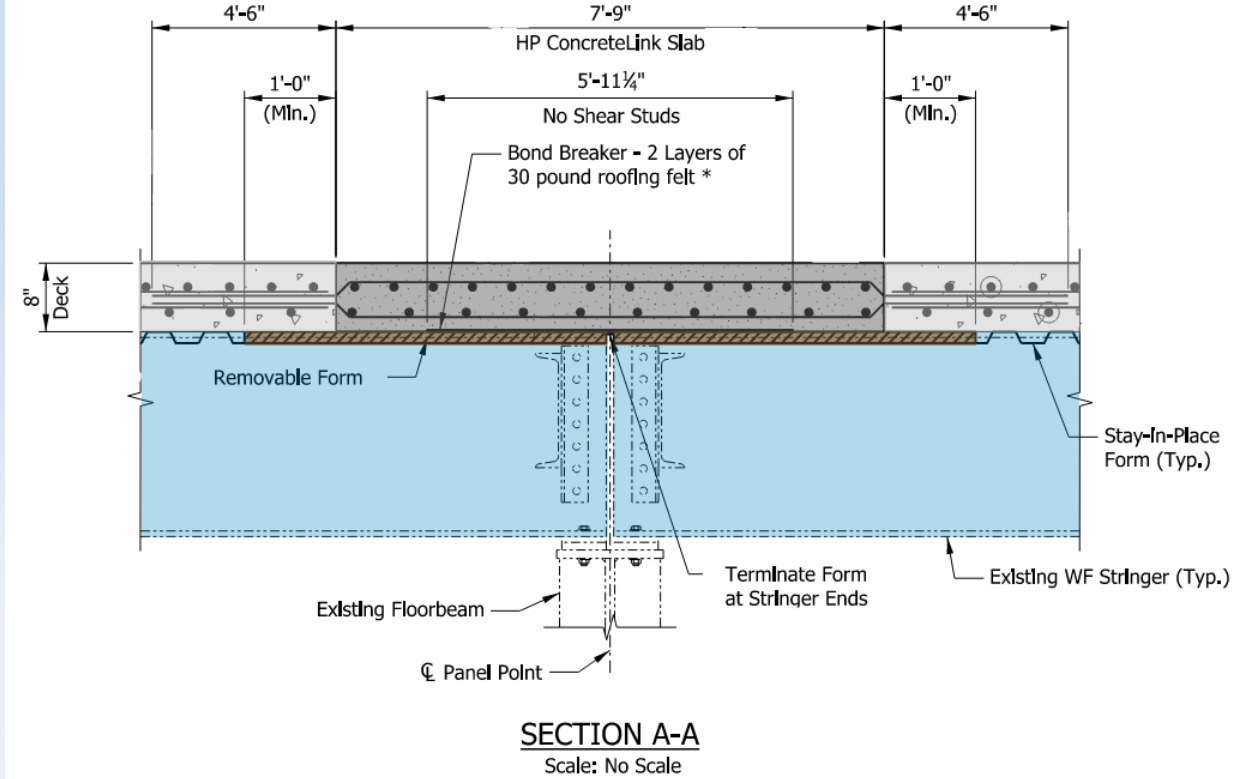
- **Full Bridge Deck Replacement**
 - Sherman Minton (Spans 1, 2, A-C) and KY Approach
 - All Bridge Decks shall be CIP Concrete
 - ATC's Allowed (Pre-Cast Panels)
 - Match Existing Bridge Profile
 - SIP Forms Allowed
 - Partial depth P/S forms not permitted
- **Utilized E5 Internal Cured Concrete**
 - Nano Silica (Liquid Flyash)
 - Eliminates need for wet cure



Joint Elimination

Sherman Minton Spans 1, 2, A-C

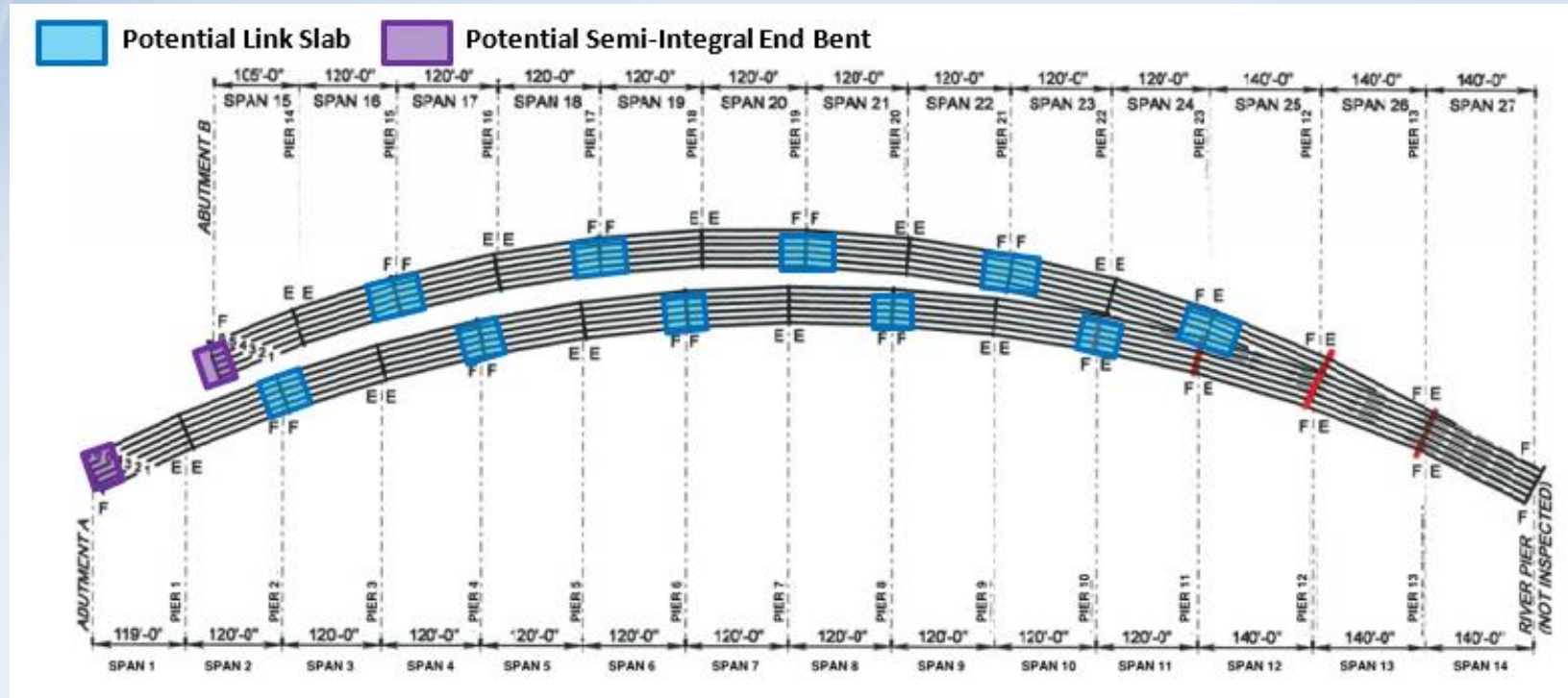
- All Intermediate Joints (28 in all)
 - Replaced with link slabs 
 - DBC required to assess
- Joint Replacement (Ends) 



Joint Elimination

Kentucky Approach (Spans 1-27)

- Replace total of 10 joints with link slabs
 - Evaluate substructure for D/C
- Semi Integral End Bent Conversion or Encase steel beam ends



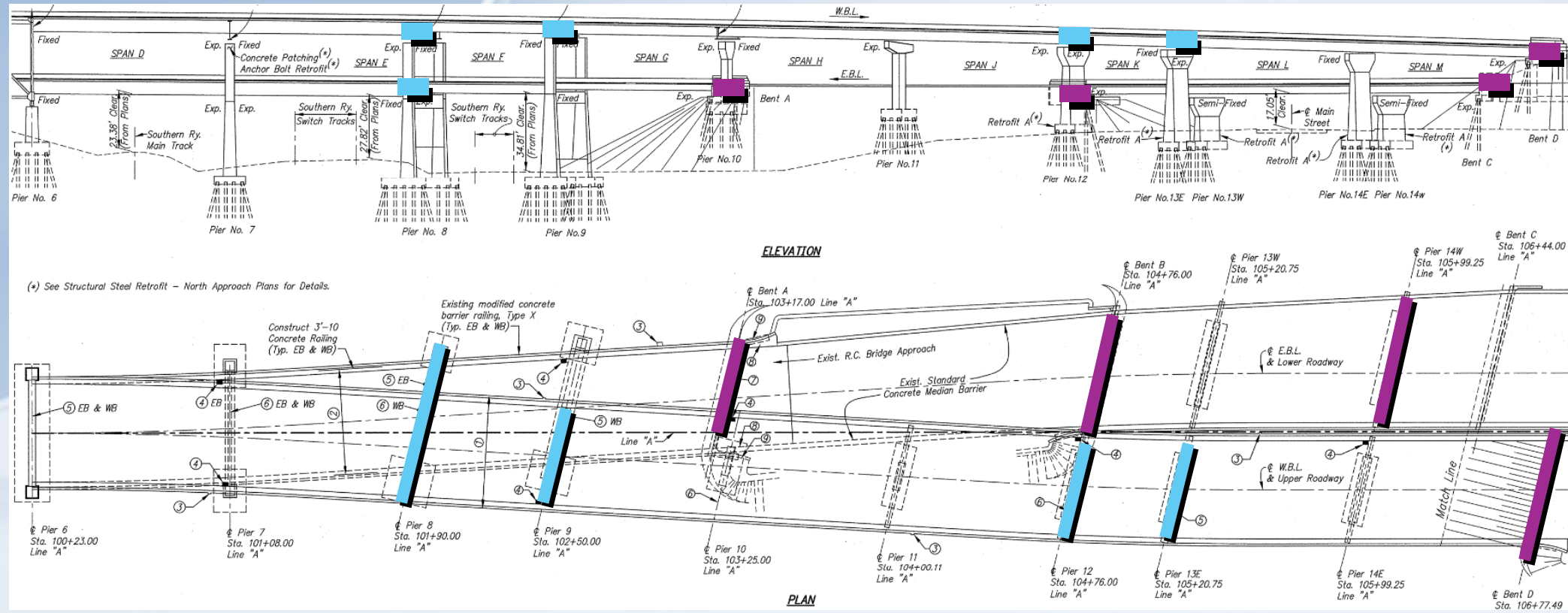
Joint Elimination

Indiana Approach

- Eliminated half of existing joints

■ Link Slab

■ Semi Integral End Bent Conversion



Hydrodemolition



AquaJet Aqua Cutter is a remote controlled and telescoping hydro demolition equipment to be utilized for cover concrete removal



Hydrodemolition

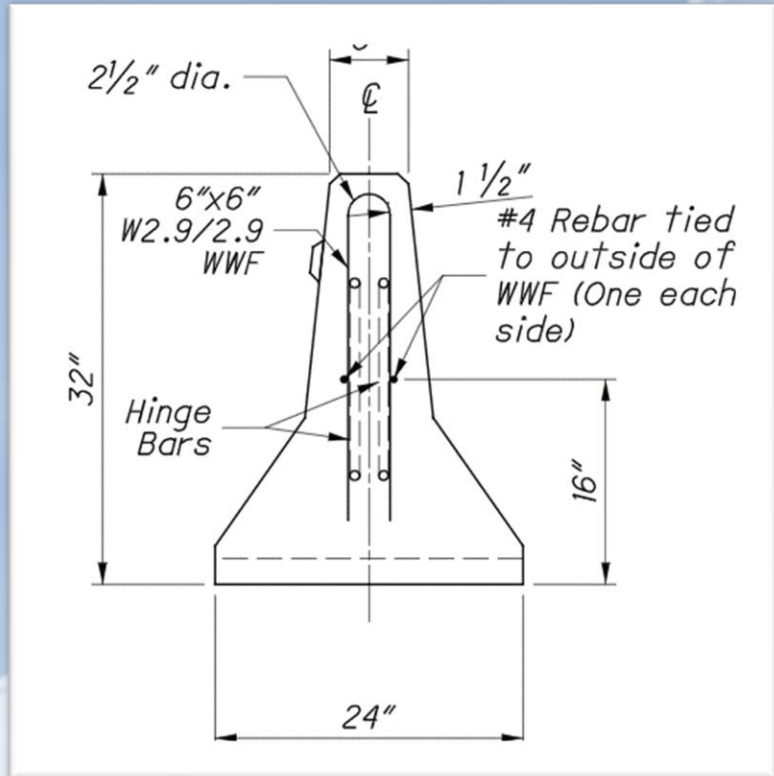


NATIONAL BRIDGE PRESERVATION CONFERENCE 2024
Innovation for Infrastructure Resiliency

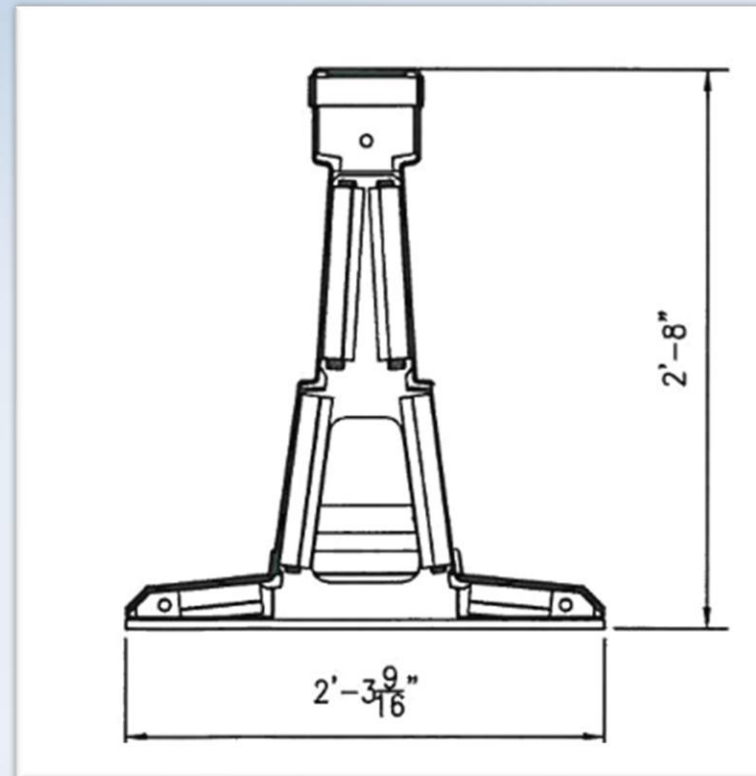
Alternative Technical Concepts & Design Solutions



Temporary Barrier ATC



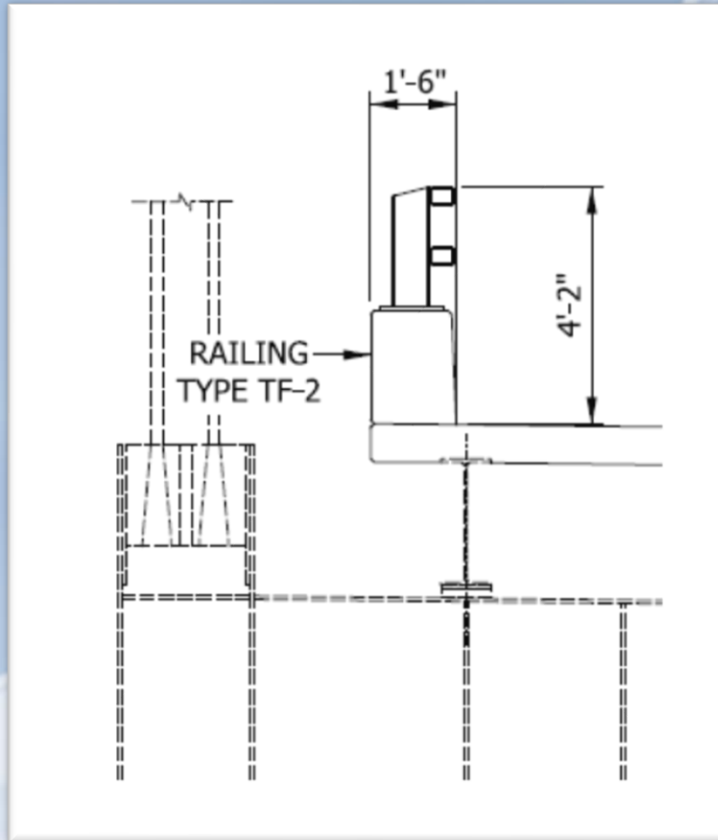
ODOT 32" PCB
Contraflow Condition



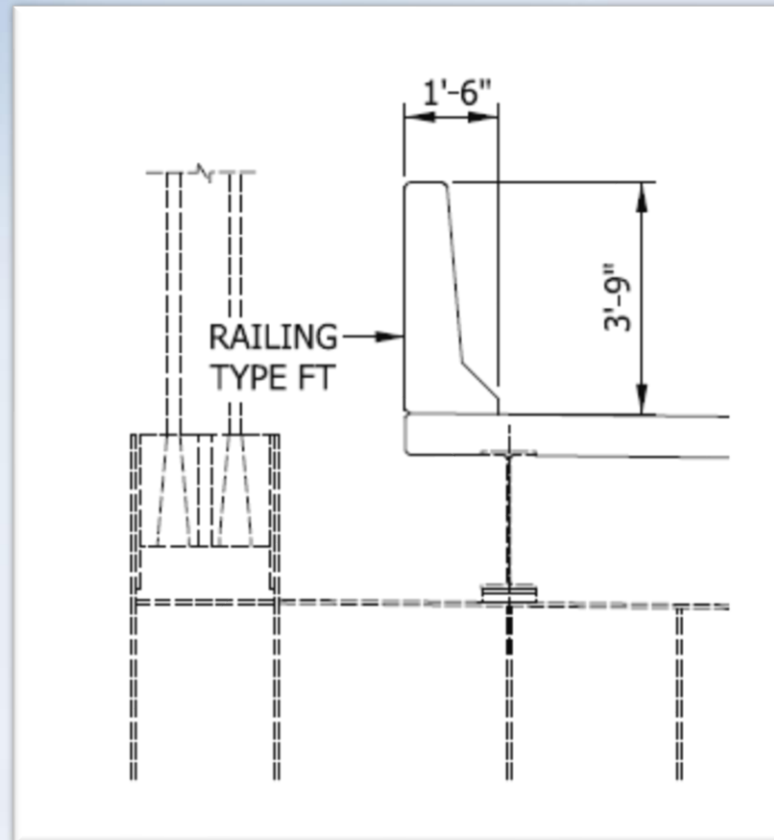
Steel TL-3 Temp Barrier
Adjacent to Work Zone

DBC Proposed
Temporary Barriers

Barrier ATC



Technical Provisions



Alternate Technical Concept

Substitute FT Barrier
for TF-2 Barrier

Fascia Stringer Repl.

Value Added Proposal

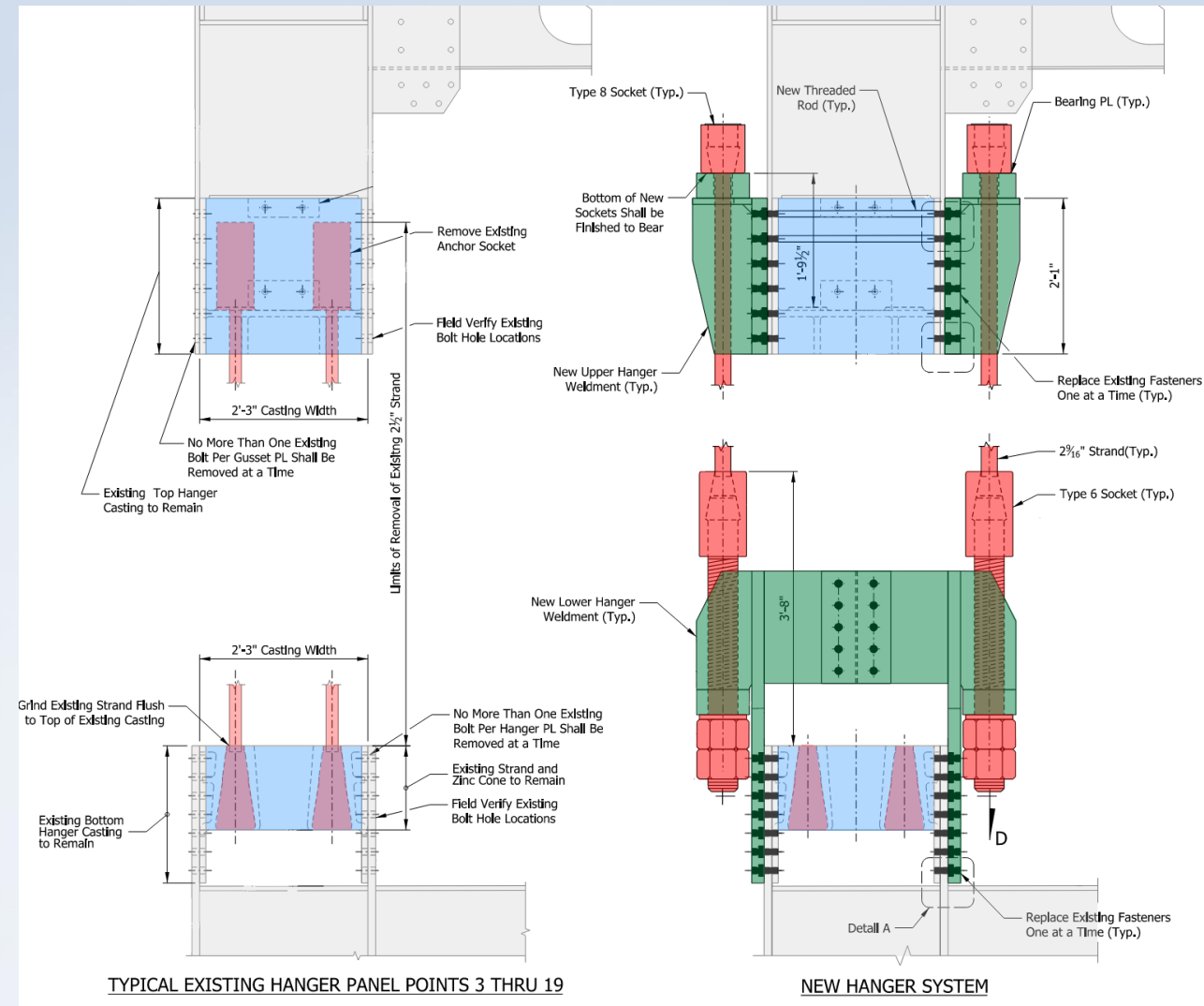
- Replaced Fascia Stringers
- Spans 1-2 (Arch) & A, B, C (Truss)
 - Cracking and Deterioration

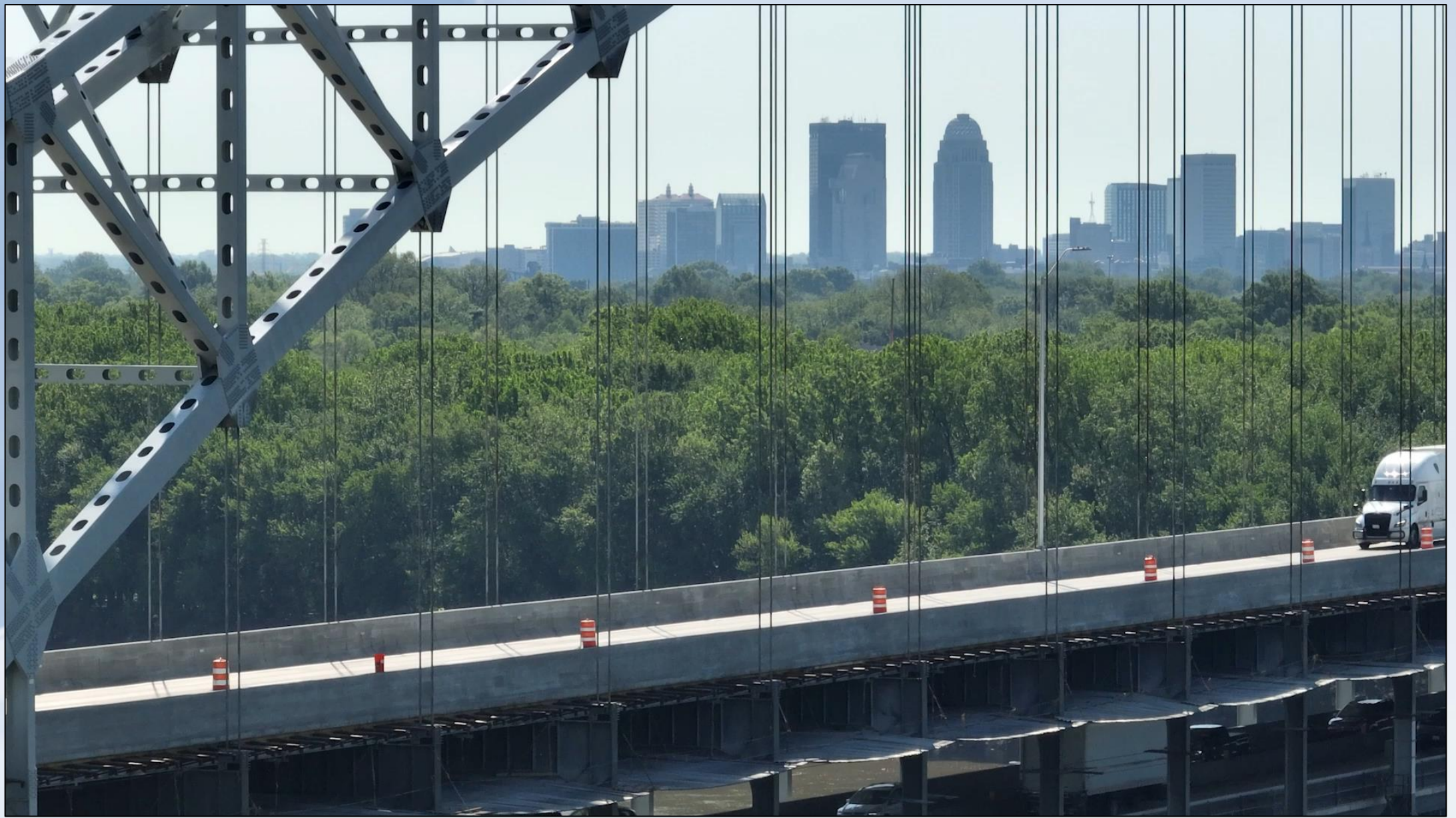


Hanger Replacement

Internal Hangers vs External

- Eliminated temporary hanger
- Leave existing weldment in place





Questions?

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